

NLC - The Next Linear Collider Project



Nanobeam Interaction Region Issues

Tom Markiewicz/SLAC

Session #4, Nanobeams 2002, Lausanne, CH

3 September 2002

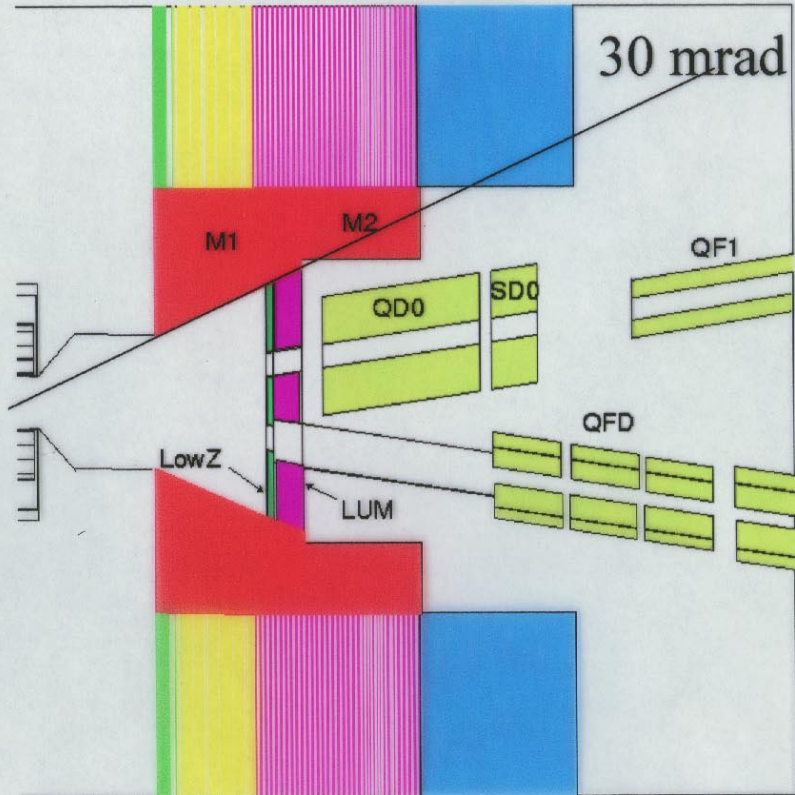
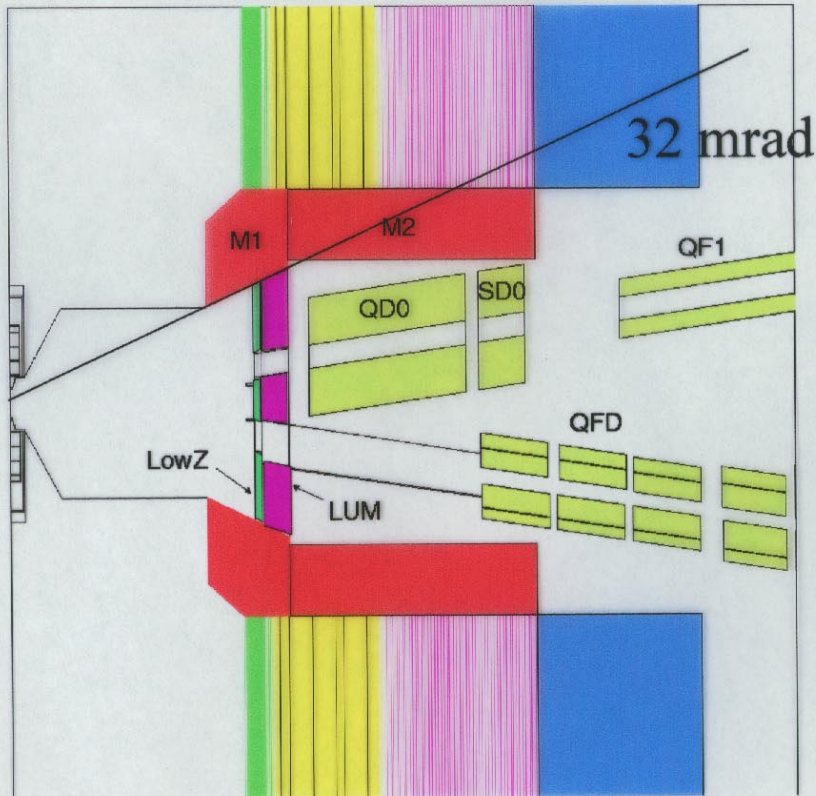


NLC

NLC Detector Masking Plan View w/ 20mrad X-angle

Large Det.- 3 T

Silicon Det.- 5 T



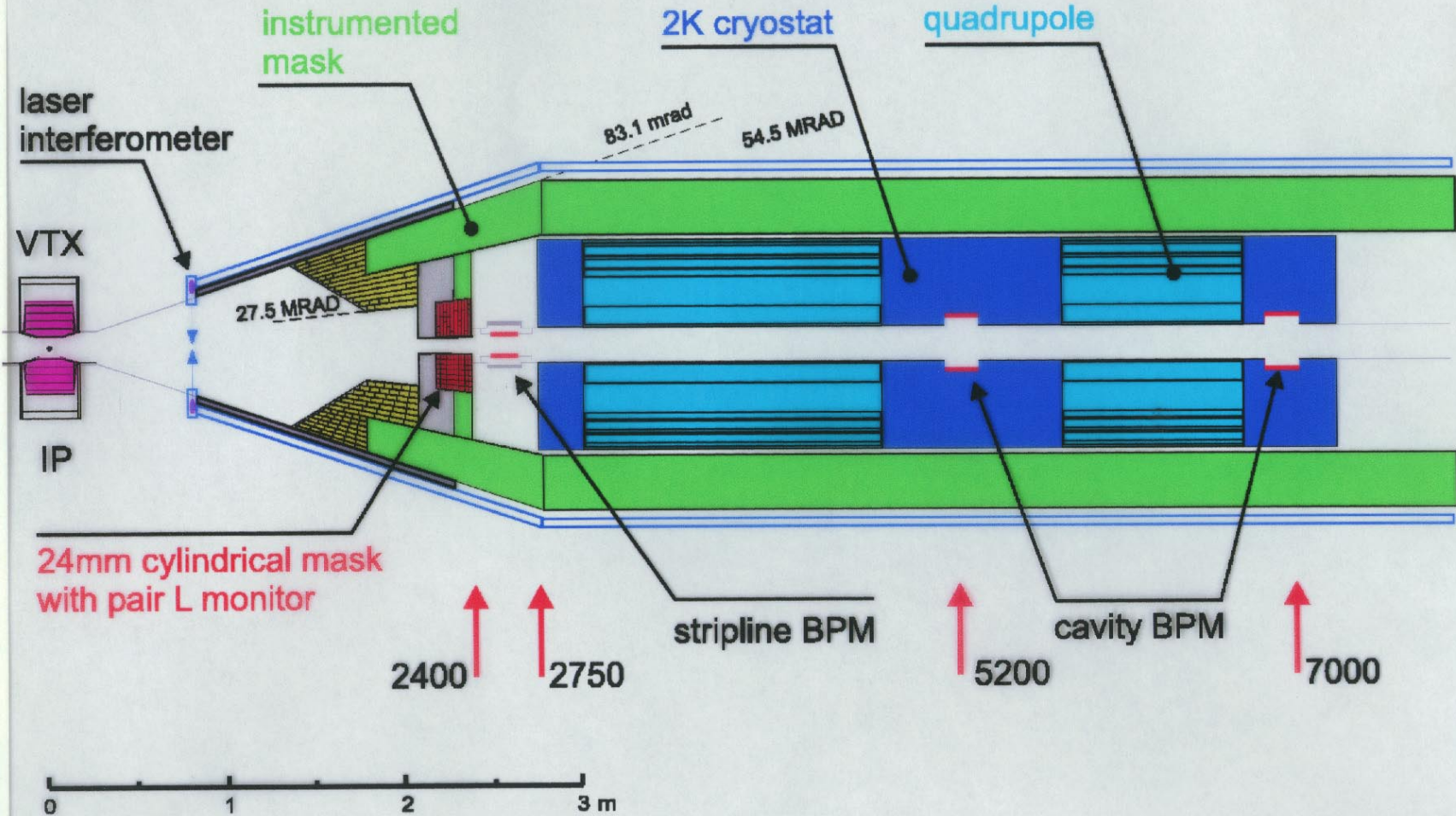
Tom Markiewicz



NLC

TESLA IR

Instrumented W Mask & Pair-LumMon w/ Low Z Mask

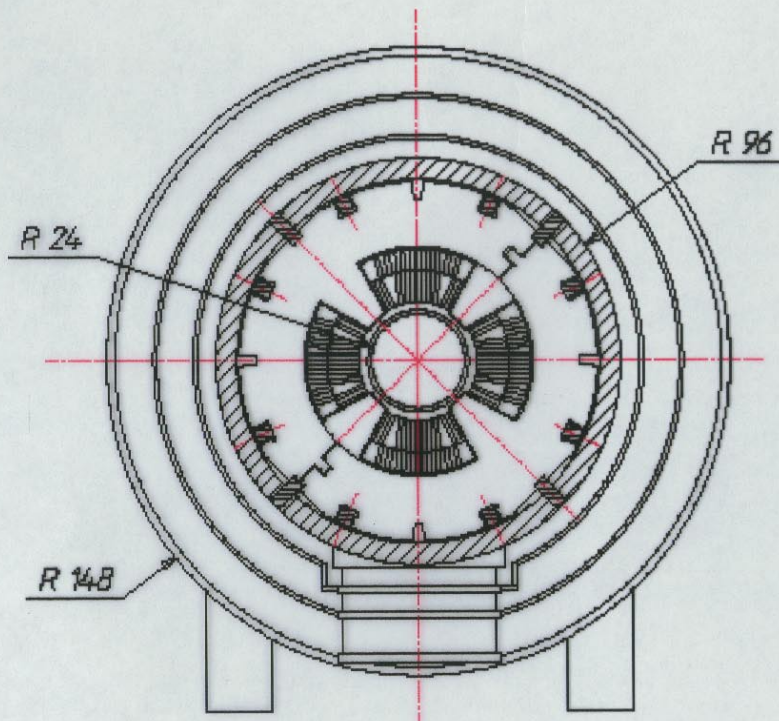




NLC

TESLA SC Final Doublet Quads

Mature LHC based Design

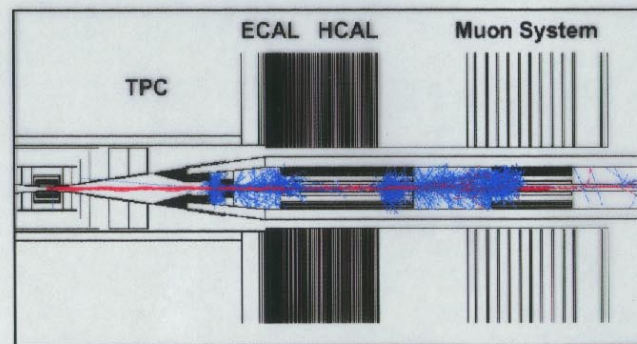


QD0:

- L=2.7m
- G=250 T/m
- Aperture=24mm

QF1:

- L=1.0m



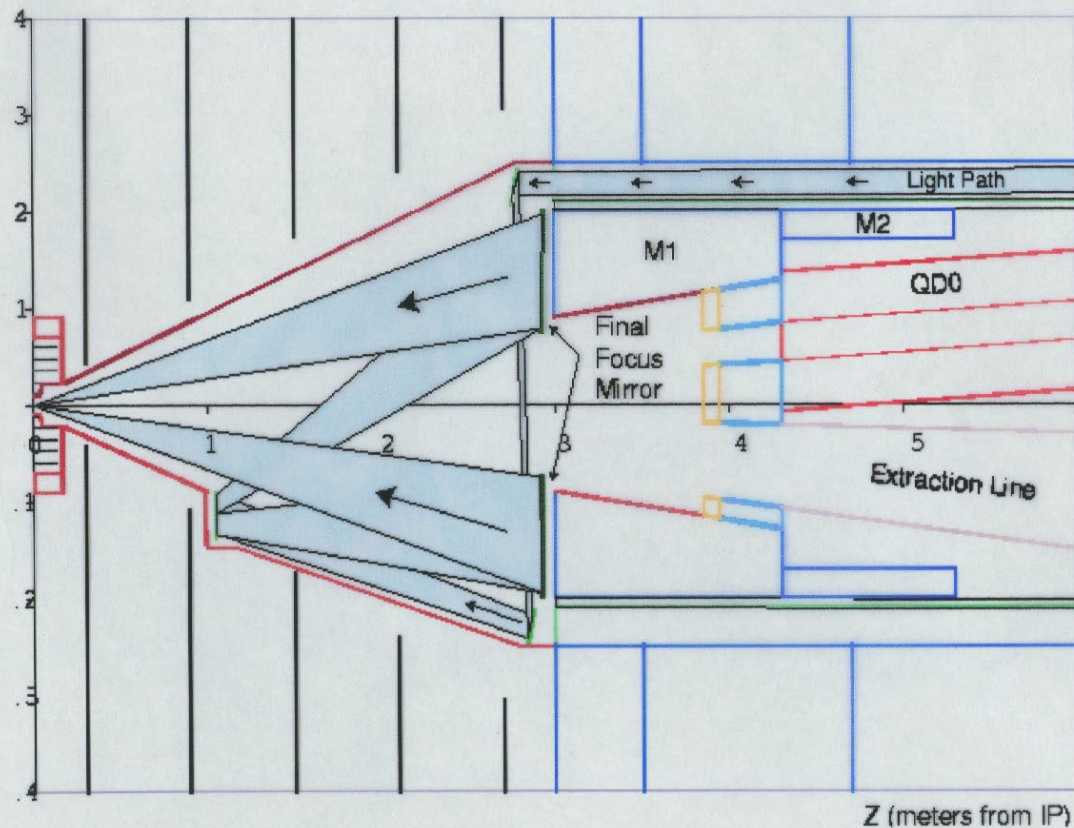
Tom Markiewicz



$\gamma\gamma$ IR

Differences w.r.to e^+e^- IR

- Annular Mirror system
- 10 mrad exit aperture instead of 1 mrad
- 30mrad θ_C to accommodate exit aperture
- Larger inner radius of VXD as first 2 layers of LD/SD VXD look in direct line of sight w/dump



Tom Markiewicz



NLC

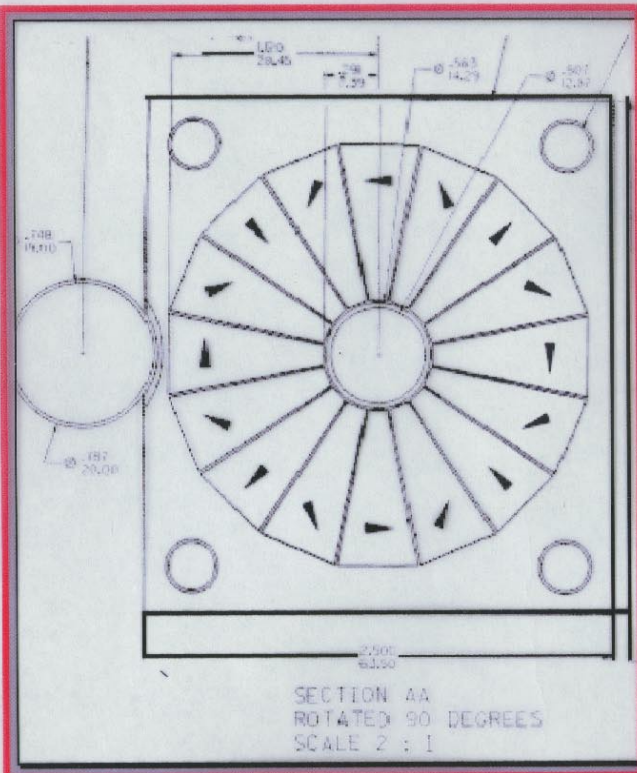
NLC Baseline: Permanent Magnet Quad

Compact, Stiff, Connection Free

Control B by controlling magnet position in Closed-Loop FB

M. Kumada
I. Iwashita
E. Antokhin

Andy Ringwall



Carbon fiber stiffener

nm-mover

FFTB style cam movers

QD

EXT

Cantilevered support tube

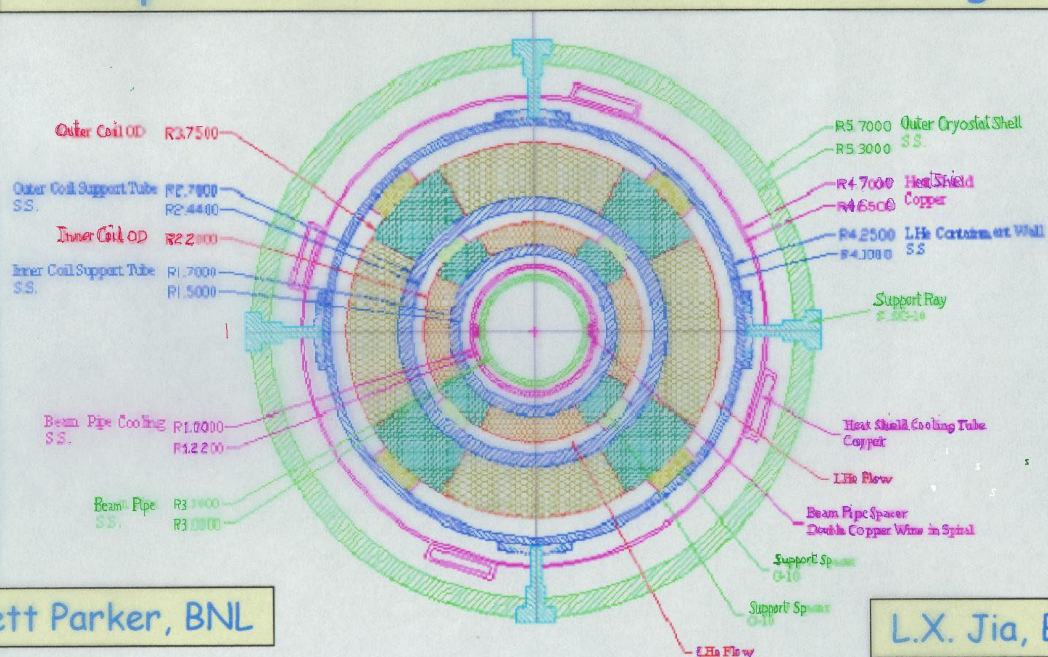
Knut Skarpaas

Magnet	Aperture	Gradient	Rmax	Z _{ip}	Length
QD0	1.0 cm	144 T/m	5.6cm	3.81 m	2.0m
QF1	1.0 cm	36.4 T/m	2.2cm	7.76 m	4.0 m

Tom Markiewicz

NLC Future? SC Final Doublet based on HERA & BEPC technology

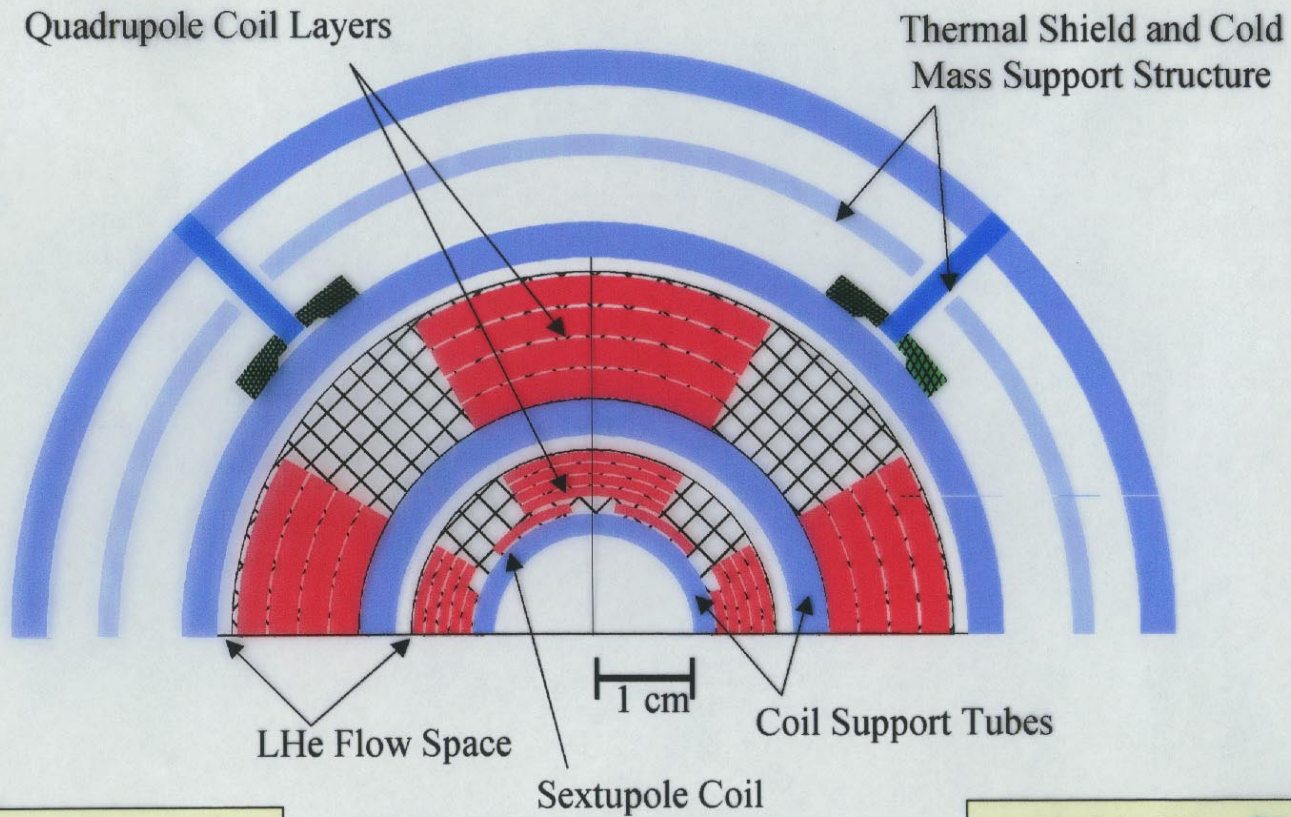
Compact 5.7cm Radius Warm Bore Design



Brett Parker, BNL

L.X. Jia, BNL

Cold Bore NLC SC Quadrupole w/ Integrated Sextupole Windings



Brett Parker, BNL

L.X. Jia, BNL

Tom Markiewicz

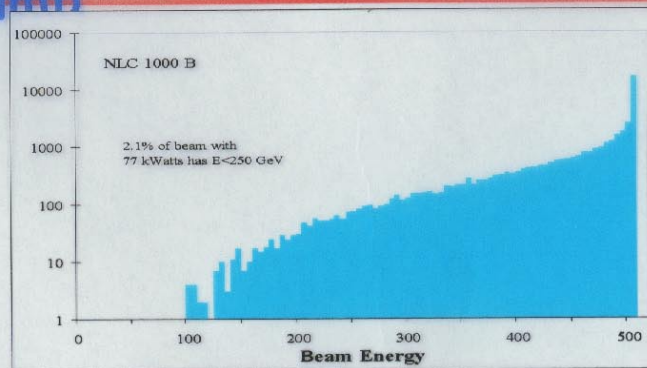


NLC

NLC Extraction Line

150 m long with chicane and common γ and e-dump

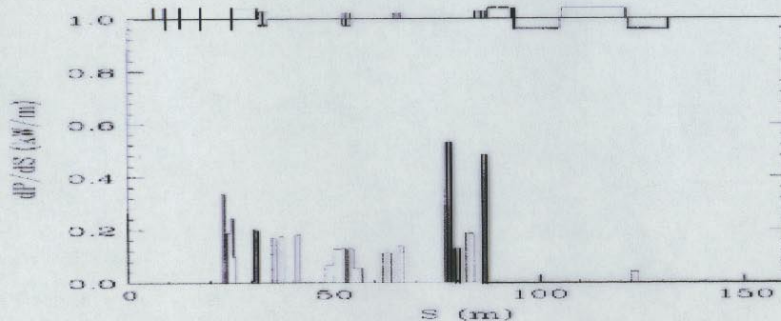
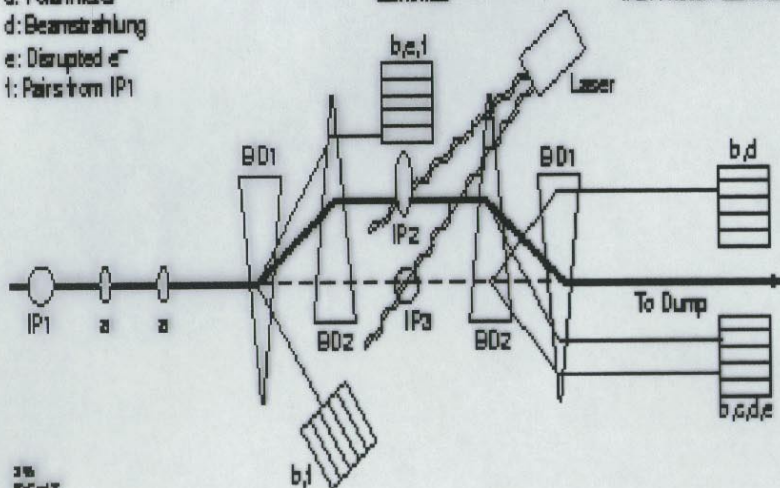
X-Angle allows separate beam line to cleanly bring disrupted beam to dump and allows for post-IP Diagnostics



- Detector Legend
- a: BPM (deflection scan)
 - b: Wire Scan/Screen
 - c: Polarimeter
 - d: Beamstrahlung
 - e: Disrupted e^-
 - f: Pairs from IP1

- Beam Legend
- On-Energy e^-
 - Off-Energy e^- , e^+
 - - - Gammas

- IP Legend
- IP1: $e^- e^-$
 - IP2: e^- Photon
 - IP3: Photon Gamma



0.2% of beam ~ 4kW lost @ 1 TeV

0-0.002% beam ~ 0-20W lost @ 500 GeV

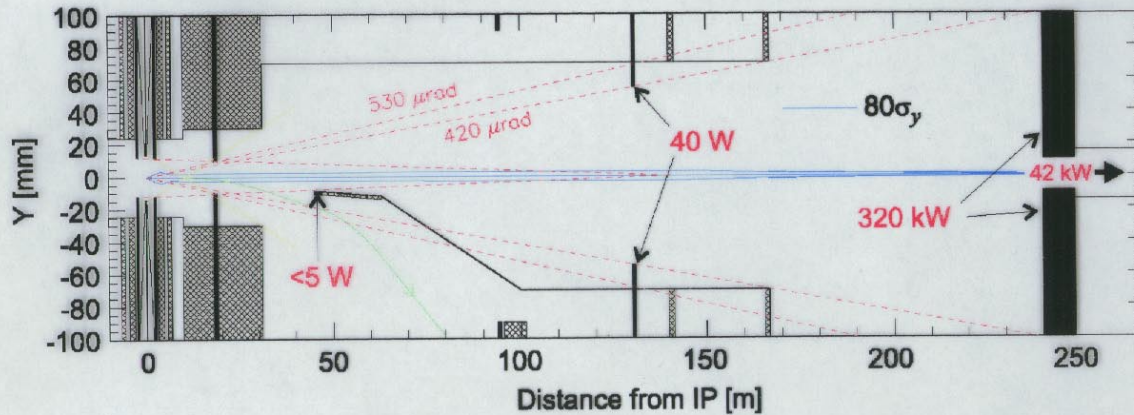
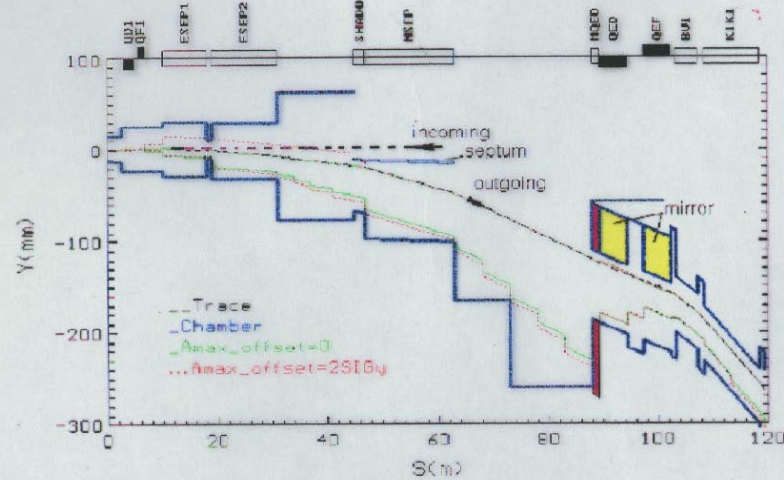


NLC

TESLA

Vertical Extraction at 0°

- Electrostatic separators at 20m
- Shielded septum at 50m ($c\tau_B/2$)
- Dipoles to e-/ + dump at z=240m
- Calculated losses OK
- Challenging problem
- No space for diagnostic equipment



Photons to separate dump at 240m with hole for incoming beam

Tom Markiewicz



- Nanobeam IR issues for TESLA:
 - Are there any?

Yes

- Crossing angle needed? If yes, how large?
- Realistic design of laser wire/shuntake monitor?
- IP feedback o.k. (already in TTF). But Tesla should also plan for optical/inertial anchors!